SAFETY DATA SHEET

Q8 Alkylate 4T



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Q8 Alkylate 4T

: PV00-D0T9-X006-7YQM UFI

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Alkylate petrol for four-stroke engines

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Q8 Danmark A/S

> Arne Jacobsens Allé 17 2300 København S. Danmark

Tel.: +45 7012 4545

Email: produktteknik@Q8.dk

Web: www.Q8.dk

Manufacturer / Distributor : Kuwait Petroleum Belgium N.V./S.A.

Q80ils Italia S.r.I. Petroleumkaai 7 Via Volpedo 2

B-2020 Antwerp 15050 Castellar Guidobono (AL)

Belgium Italy

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only. : PCNinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only. **PCN** Information contact

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Denmark : +45 8988 2286 CARECHEM24

: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 **Europe** Global (English only) : +44 (0) 1865 407 333

National advisory body/Poison Center

Denmark : Bispebjerg Hospital - poison line: +45 8212 1212

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Category 1 H224 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION Category 2 H315 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) Category 3 H336

(Narcotic effects)

ASPIRATION HAZARD H304 Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) H413 Category 4

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown : None.

toxicity

: None.

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

General: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

Response : P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents/container to approved waste recipient, in an open

container.

Hazardous ingredients : Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.

Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization

isopentane

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Yes, applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Naphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane- contg.	REACH #: 01-2119471477-29 EC: 271-267-0 CAS: 68527-27-5 Index: 649-282-00-2	≥80 - ≤95	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	REACH #: 01-2119480399-24 EC: 265-073-5 CAS: 64741-70-4 Index: 649-277-00-5	≥5 - ≤15	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
isopentane	REACH #: 01-2119475602-38 EC: 201-142-8 CAS: 78-78-4 Index: 601-085-00-2	<2.5	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
n-hexane	REACH #: 01-2119480412-44 EC: 203-777-6 CAS: 110-54-3 Index: 601-037-00-0	<0.2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361f STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	STOT RE 1, H372: C ≥ 5%	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

Ingredients' environmental classification is not supported by tests on the mixture.

Mixture contains <3% butane (<0.1% butadiene).

Toluene <0.1%, n-hexane <0.5%, aromatics <1%

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material may cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5a	10 tonne	50 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Use of fuels

Industrial sector specific : Agriculture, forestry, fishery

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
isopentane	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 2/2023) [pentan, alle isomere]		
	TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1500 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 3000 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) TWA 8 hours: 3000 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.		

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

n-hexane	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 2/2023)
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	TWA 8 hours: 72 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 144 mg/m³.
	STEL 15 minutes: 40 ppm.
	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)
	TWA 8 hours: 72 mg/m³.
	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
	• •

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Naphtha (petroleum), full-range	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
alkylate, butane-contg.		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		*
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
, ,		Inhalation		population	*
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	3		'
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	·	
sopentane	DNEL	Long term Oral	214 mg/kg	General	Systemic
']	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	214 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	-	3	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	432 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		I LUIIU IEIIII DEIIIM			

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term	643 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	3000 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
n-hexane	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	16 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	75 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

PNECs

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures Eye/face protection

- : Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber, Viton® II:>0.4 mm Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended:

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with the European standard EN14387.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. **Appearance** Clear Color Colorless

Odor : Hydrocarbon. [Slight] **Odor threshold** : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point **Boiling point or initial boiling**

point and boiling range

: 30 to 200°C (86 to 392°F) [EN ISO 3405]

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 1%

Upper: 8% limit

Flash point : Closed cup: -45°C (-49°F) [ASTM D 93]

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature >300°C (>572°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

Viscosity Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <1 mm²/s (<1 cSt) [EN ISO 3104]

Solubility

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Very slightly soluble Very slightly soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/

water (log Pow)

: 4.3 to 4.8

Vapor pressure : 55 to 65 kPa (412.53 to 487.54 mm Hg) [37.8°C (100°F)] [EN 13016-1]

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
isopentane	592.54814	79				

Evaporation rate : >10 (butyl acetate = 1)

: 0.69 to 0.72 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [EN ISO 12185] **Density**

Relative vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] **Explosive properties** : Not applicable. **Oxidizing properties** : Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Denmark

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate : >10 (butyl acetate = 1)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result Species		Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), full- range alkylate, butane- contg.	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5610 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male,	>5610 mg/m ³	4 hours
isomerization		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	48000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15840 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
isopentane	N/A	N/A	N/A	280	N/A
n-hexane	15840	N/A	48000	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.33	4 hours	72 hours
	Skin - Edema	Rabbit	3	4 hours	72 hours
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test 475 Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosomal Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative Negative

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	Negative	Negative	Negative		Inhalation: ≥20000 mg/m³	7 weeks; 6 hours per day

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	Negative - Inhalation	Rat	23900 mg/m ³	20 days; 6 hours per day

Conclusion/Summary: Not available. Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg. Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization isopentane n-hexane	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), full-range alkylate, butane-contg.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
isopentane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
n-hexane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed

and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	375 mg/kg	28 days; 5 days per week
	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	10000 mg/m ³	90 days; 5 days per week
	Sub-acute NOEL Oral	Rat - Male	<500 mg/kg	28 days; 5 days per week

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Q8 Alkylate 4T	EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	EC50 >1000 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), isomerization	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	14 days
n-hexane	Acute LC50 2500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: The classification of this hazard is based on tests performed on the product/mixture.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: This product is inherently biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Q8 Alkylate 4T	4.3 to 4.8	-	High
Naphtha (petroleum), full-	>4	10 to 2500	High
range alkylate, butane-contg.			
Naphtha (petroleum),	2 to 7	10 to 2500	High
isomerization			
isopentane	3	171	Low
n-hexane	4	501.187	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility

: High mobility in soil predicted, based on log Kow > 3.0.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Hazardous waste Yes. **European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Waste code	Waste designation
13 07 02*	Gasoline
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1203	UN1203	UN1203	UN1203
14.2 UN proper shipping name	GASOLINE	GASOLINE	GASOLINE	Gasoline
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 33

Limited quantity 1 L

Special provisions 243, 534, 664

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

> transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 243, 534

IMDG : Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

Special provisions 243

IATA Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions: 353.

Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 364. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y341.

Special provisions A100

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not available.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Q8 Alkylate 4T	≥90	3 [Consumer products] 3 3 [Lamp fuel] 3 [Grill lighter fluid]
isopentane	<2.5	40 [In aerosol generators for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: metallic glitter intended mainly for decorations; artificial snow and frost; 'whoopee' cushions; silly string aerosols; imitation excrement; horn for parties; decorative flakes and foams; artificial cobwebs; stink bombs; etc.]
n-hexane	<0.2	40 [In aerosol generators for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following: metallic glitter intended mainly for decorations; artificial snow and frost; 'whoopee' cushions; silly string aerosols; imitation excrement; horn for parties; decorative flakes and foams; artificial cobwebs; stink bombs; etc.]

Labeling : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants (1021/2019/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5a

National regulations

Denmark

Product registration

number

: PR-nr. 784598

Fire class : 1-2 MAL-code : 5-3

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 5-3

Application: When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomizing spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied full mask must be worn.

When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair of closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied full mask and coveralls must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask, arm protectors and apron must be worn.

During all spraying where atomization occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, coveralls and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc. must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National

Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

Germany

Hazard class for water

(WGK)

: 3

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 100%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in

NDSL.

China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined.

: All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea

Taiwan : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. Turkev : Not determined.

United States of America : All components are active or exempted.

Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

Exposure Scenario information

: This product has been assessed according to the REACH regulation. All Risk Management Measures of the contained substances are covered by the main body of this Safety Data Sheet.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DIN = German Institute for Standardization

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EC = European Commission

EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration

EN = European Standard (Norm)

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO = International Maritime Organisation

ISO = International Organization for Standardization

LC50 = Median lethal concentration

LD50 = Median lethal dose

LOAEL / LOAEC = Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

NOAEL / NOAEC = No Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration

NOEL / NOEC = No Observed Effect Level / Concentration

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SDS = Safety Data Sheet

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TWA = Time Weighted Average

UFI = Unique Formula Identifier

UN = United Nations

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 1, H224	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	Expert judgment

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Denmark

Q8 Alkylate 4T

SECTION 16: Other information

H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 4	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

Training advice : Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

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Prepared by : Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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